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**TRILATERAL CONFERENCE ON
ELECTORAL SYSTEMS CANADA,
ESTADOS UNIDOS AND MEXICO**

**CAMPAIGNS AND FINANCING OF POLITICAL
PARTIES**

**The New Conditions for Electoral Competition in
Mexico**

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CAMPAIGNS AND FINANCING OF POLITICAL PARTIES

THE NEW CONDITIONS FOR ELECTORAL COMPETITION IN MEXICO

THE RECENT REFORM OF THE FEDERAL CODE OF ELECTORAL INSTITUTIONS AND PROCEEDINGS, APPROVED IN SEPTEMBER, 1993, BY THE CONGRESS OF THE UNION, INCLUDES ASPECTS OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE REGARDING POLITICAL PARTIES AND CONDITIONS FOR ELECTORAL COMPETITION.

THE FOLLOWING ASPECTS MUST BE SPECIALLY UNDERLINED:

- REGARDING THE REGISTRY OF PARTIES, THE AIM IS TO ALLOW THEM TO ACQUIRE AND MANTAIN A REAL POLITICAL PRESENCE VIS A VIS THE ELECTORATE AND THE CITIZENS IN GENERAL, IN ORDER TO BECOME CONSOLIDATED AS SUCH, THROUGH A MORE FLEXIBLE RULING IN REGARDS TO LOSS OF REGISTRY.
- THE INTENTION IS TO STRENGTHEN THE FINANCIAL REGIME OF POLITICAL PARTIES, ALLOWING FOR TRANSPARENCE IN THE REGIME AND DESTINY OF THEIR RESOURCES, AND CONSOLIDATING THE PROHIBITION OF ACCEPTING THESE RESOURCES WHEN THEY COME FROM SPECIFIC PERSONS OR ENTITIES.
- LIMITS WERE SET ON CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES OF POLITICAL PARTIES IN ORDER TO STRENGTHEN THE EQUITY OF ELECTORAL COMPETITIONS.
- THE RULES RELATING TO COALITIONS WERE MODIFIED IN ORDER TO GIVE THEM A GREATER POLITICAL INTEGRITY AND THUS OFFER THE ELECTORATE SECURITY REGARDING THIS TYPE OF AGREEMENTS BETWEEN POLITICAL PARTIES.
- FINALLY, IT MUST BE POINTED OUT THAT THE PURPOSE OF THESE REFORMS IS TO OFFER GREATER EQUITY IN CONTRACTING COMMERCIAL TIME SLOTS IN RADIO AND TELEVISION AND ENSURE THE PRESENCE OF POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE NEWS PROGRAMS OF THESE MEDIA DURING ELECTORAL CAMPAIGNS.

FINANCING OF POLITICAL PARTIES

THE REFORMS TEND TO STRENGTHEN THE FINANCIAL REGIME OF POLITICAL PARTIES, TO MAKE THE ORIGIN AND DESTINY OF THEIR RESOURCES TRANSPARENT, AND TO CONSOLIDATE PROHIBITIONS FOR THE ACCEPTANCE OF RESOURCCES COMING FROM SPECIFIC PERSONS OR ENTITIES.

THUS, A NEW FORM OF ECONOMIC SUPPORT FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF POLITICAL PARTIES IS ADDED TO THE FOUR TYPES OF PUBLIC FINANCING IN EXISTENCE.

THIS NEW FUNDING IS DESTINED FOR THOSE PARTIES THAT OBTAINED BETWEEN ONE AND FIVE PERCENT OF THE VOTES CAST DURING THE PAST CONTIGUOS ELECTION FOR RELATIVE MAJORITY DIPUTADOS, AS WELL AS FOR THOSE THAT HAVE OBTAINED THEIR DEFINITE OR CONDITIONED REGISTRY AFTER THE LAST ELECTION.

THE AMOUNT OF THIS FINANCING IS FOR THE FIVE PERCENT CALCULATED FOR EVERY TRIENNIUM OF ELECTORAL ACTIVITY AND IT IS APPORTIONED IN EQUAL PARTS AMONG THE PARTIES COVERED BY THE AFOREMENTIONED ASSUMPTIONS. NEVERTHELESS, THOSE PARTIES THAT HAVE OBTAINED THE VOTES BY THEMSELVES, WILL RECEIVE THE AMOUNT BELONGING TO THEM PLUS UP TO AN EQUAL AMOUNT, WITH THE PROVISIO THAT NO PARTY MAY RECEIVE MORE THAN A FIFTH PART OF THE PERCENTAGE MENTIONED, NOR WILL THEY RECEIVE IT FOR LONGER THAN THREE YEARS.

THE REFORMS REGULATE OTHER FINANCING METHODS FOR THE PARTIES BESIDES PUBLIC FUNDING. THUS, FINANCING FROM THE MEMBERSHIP, WHICH IS FORMED BY THE OBLIGATORY ORDINARY AND NON-ORDINARY QUOTAS OF THE MEMBERS AND ORGANIZATIONS, AS WELL AS THOSE CONTRIBUTIONS THE CANDIDATES GIVE FOR THEIR CAMPAIGNS, ARE QUOTAS WHOSE LIMITS ARE SET BY THE POLITICAL PARTIES THEMSELVES AND ARE NOT TAX DEDUCTIBLE.

ALSO, BESIDES OTHER SUCH FINANCING THAT DOES NOT COME FROM THE PUBLIC TREASURY, THERE IS FINANCING FROM SUPPORTERS, MADE UP OF CONTRIBUTIONS IN CASH OR KIND BY INDIVIDUALS OR JURIDICAL PERSONS WHO RESIDE IN THE NATION. THE LIMIT FOR THE FORMER IS ONE PERCENT AND FIVE PERCENT FOR THE LATTER, IN TERMS OF THE PUBLIC FUNDS GIVEN TO POLITICAL PARTIES DURING THE YEAR IN QUESTION. FOR NON IDENTIFIED INDIVIDUALS, THE LIMIT CAN REACH UP TO 10 PERCENT OF SAID AMOUNT, WHICH ALSO WILL NOT BE TAX DEDUCTIBLE.

SELF-FINANCING IS ALSO CONSIDERED FOR POLITICAL PARTIES, CONSISTING OF INCOME OBTAINED FROM THEIR PROMOTIONAL ACTIVITIES, CULTURAL EVENTS, SALES OF BOOKS, PROPERTIES OR PROPAGANDA OBJECTS, OR ANY OTHER SIMILAR FUND-RAISING ACTIVITY.

FINALLY, IN ADDITION TO INCOME FROM OTHER ESTABLISHED FINANCING METHODS, RESOURCES OBTAINED FROM FINANCIAL YIELDS, FUNDS AND TRUSTS, CONSISTING OF THE INVESTMENTS OF THESE EQUITIES AND THE CONTRIBUTIONS OBTAINED BY THE PARTIES, ARE ALSO CONSIDERED. THESE RESOURCES MAY NOT BE INVESTED IN THE ACQUISITION OF CORPORATE STOCK AND THE YIELDS MUST BE USED FOR THE PARTY'S OBJECTIVES.

REGARDING THE TRANSPARENCE OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT, THE REFORMS FORSEE THE CREATION OF AN INTERNAL BODY OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES, CHARGED WITH THE OBTENTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THEIR GENERAL AND CAMPAIGN RESOURCES. THIS INTERNAL BODY WILL ISSUE RECEIPTS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS COMING FROM MEMBERS AND SUPPORTERS, AND MUST DRAFT CONTRACTS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS MADE IN KIND.

LIKewise, BANS ARE ESTABLISHED FOR THE ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRIBUTIONS IN CASH OR KIND COMING FROM THE FEDERAL, STATE OR MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, OR THEIR AGENCIES; FROM POLITICAL PARTIES; FOREIGN INDIVIDUALS OR JURIDICAL PERSONS; INTERNATIONAL BODIES OF ANY KIND; RELIGIOUS MINISTERS, ASSOCIATIONS, CHURCHES OR GROUPS FROM ANY RELIGION OR SECT; FROM INDIVIDUALS WHO RESIDE OR WORK ABROAD, AND FROM MEXICAN COMPANIES INVOLVED IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES.

PARTIES MAY NOT APPLY FOR CREDIT FROM DEVELOPMENT BANKING IN ORDER TO FINANCE THEIR ACTIVITIES.

ANOTHER ADDITION TO THE FEDERAL CODE OF ELECTORAL INSTITUTIONS AND PROCEEDINGS, IS THE CREATION BY THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL INSTITUTE OF A COUNSELORS COMMISSION WHICH WILL BE IN CHARGE OF REVIEWING THE REPORTS ON THE ORIGIN AND DESTINATION OF THE ANNUAL AND CAMPAIGN RESOURCES OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES. THIS COMMISSION MUST PRESENT A CONSOLIDATED JUDGEMENT FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL.

THE GENERAL COUNCIL MUST MAKE THIS JUDGEMENT PUBLIC AND, IF THE CASE WARRANTS IT, WILL PROCEED TO INFORM THE CENTRAL HALL OF THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL TRIBUNAL OF THE IRREGULARITIES MENTIONED IN THE JUDGEMENT ITSELF, SO THAT THE CORRESPONDING SANCTIONS BE APPLIED, WHICH IS AN ACTION INCUMBENT ON SAID HALL.

SANCTIONS MAY CONSIST OF FINES FROM 50 TO 5000 TIMES THE MINIMUM WAGE IN FORCE IN THE FEDERAL DISTRICT; REDUCTIONS OF UP TO 50 PERCENT OF THE RESOURCES APPORTIONED BY PUBLIC FUNDING; SUSPENSION OF THE REGISTRY AS A POLITICAL PARTY, OR ANNULMENT OF THE VERY REGISTRY.

ELECTORAL CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURE LIMITS

AS A TOOL TO ENSURE EQUITY IN THE ELECTORAL COMPETITION, THE REFORM HAS THE AIM OF WARRANTING THAT POLITICAL PARTIES AND THEIR CANDIDATES CAN DEVELOP THEIR POLITICAL CAMPAIGNING TASKS DURING THEIR ELECTORAL ACTIVITIES WITH A GREATER EQUITY IN CONDITIONS. WITH THIS IN MIND, RULES HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED TO AVOID THAT DIFFERENCES IN ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES AMONG THE POLITICAL PARTIES BECOME A DECISIVE FACTOR IN THE RESULTS OF THE ELECTION.

AMONG THESE REFORMS, IT IS WORTHWHILE TO UNDERLINE THE DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPTS INCLUDED WITHIN THE LIMITS SET ON EXPENDITURES, WHICH ARE AS FOLLOWS:

1. ADVERTISING COSTS, WHICH INCLUDE PAINTING OF WALLS, BANNERS AND PLACARDS, SOUND SYSTEMS, POLITICAL EVENTS HELD INSIDE RENTED HALLS, CAMPAIGN GADGETS, ETC.
2. CAMPAIGN OPERATION COSTS, WHICH INCLUDE WAGES AND SALARIES FOR INCIDENTAL STAFF, RENTING OF REAL ESTATE AND GOODS, TRANSPORTATION COSTS FOR PEOPLE AND THINGS, ALLOWANCES AND EXPENSES, ETC.
3. CAMPAIGN COSTS FOR PRESS, RADIO AND TELEVISION ADVERTISING, WHICH INCLUDE SOLICITING OF VOTES THROUGH MESSAGES AND ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE REFORMS ALSO DEFINE COSTS NOT CONSIDERED WITHIN THE CAMPAIGN LIMITS, SUCH AS THOSE THE PARTIES PAY FOR THEIR NORMAL FUNCTIONS AND TO COVER EXPENSES FOR THEIR DIRECTIVE BODIES AND THEIR ORGANIZATIONS.

LIKEWISE, RULES ARE SET TO DETERMINE THE CAMPAIGN COST LIMITS, WHICH WILL BE APPLIED BOTH FOR THE ELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF MEXICO, AS WELL AS THE ELECTIONS FOR **DIPUTADOS** ELECTED UNDER THE PRINCIPLE OF RELATIVE MAJORITY AND ALSO FOR SENATOR ELECTIONS.

THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL AUTHORITY EMPOWERED TO SET THE CAMPAIGN COST LIMITS FOR THE ELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF MEXICO, IS THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL INSTITUTE, WHICH WILL DO SO UNDER THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: IT WILL TAKE THE UNITARY VALUE OF THE VOTE FOR **DIPUTADO**, SET FOR PUBLIC FUNDING PURPOSES, APPLYING THE INFLATION RATE DETERMINED BY THE BANK OF MEXICO (BANCO DE MEXICO). ADDITIONALLY, THE NUMBER OF CITIZENS INCLUDED IN THE VOTING ROSTER, AS WELL AS THE DURATION OF THE CAMPAIGN, ARE ALSO TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.

IN ORDER TO SET THE LIMITS FOR CAMPAIGN COSTS IN THE ELECTION OF **DIPUTADOS** ELECTED UNDER THE PRINCIPLE OF RELATIVE MAJORITY, THE UNITARY VALUE OF THE VOTE WILL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT AND ADJUSTED TO THE INFLATION RATE AS WELL AS A FACTOR TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE ARITHMETICAL MEAN OF THREE VARIABLES THAT ARE AS FOLLOWS: ONE, THE GEOGRAPHICAL WAGE ZONE; TWO, THE POPULATION DENSITY; AND THREE, THE GEOGRAPHICAL CONDITIONS THAT MAKE THE ACCESS TO POPULATION CENTERS IN EACH ELECTORAL DISTRICT EASY OR DIFFICULT.

THE GENERAL COUNCIL WILL SET THREE VALUES FOR EACH VARIABLE AND REPORT THEM TO THE EXECUTIVE DISTRICT BOARDS, SO THAT THEY MAY DETERMINE, WITHIN THESE VALUES, THOSE THAT APPLY TO THE DISTRICT FOR EACH ONE OF THE VARIABLES, OBTAINING A FACTOR THAT WILL BE THE ARITHMETICAL MEAN OF SUCH VARIABLES. THIS FACTOR WILL THEN BE APPLIED TO THE PRODUCT OBTAINED BY MULTIPLYING THE **DIPUTADOS** VOTE'S UNITARY VALUE, ADJUSTED TO THE INFLATION RATE, AND BY THE NUMBER OF CITIZENS REGISTERED IN THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL ROSTER, CORRESPONDING TO THE DISTRICT IN QUESTION. THE RESULT WILL BE THE CAMPAIGN COST LIMIT FOR RELATIVE MAJORITY **DIPUTADOS**.

FOR SENATOR ELECTIONS, THE LOCAL EXECUTIVE BOARDS WILL SET THE CAMPAIGN COST LIMITS, WHICH WILL BE THE RESULT OF THE SUM OF THE QUANTITIES THAT HAVE BEEN SET AS CAMPAIGN COST LIMITS IN EACH OF THE DISTRICTS THAT FORM THE CORRESPONDING FEDERATIVE ENTITY. IT MUST BE POINTED OUT THAT THIS CAMPAIGN COST LIMIT WILL APPLY TO EACH FORMULA IN THE SENATORIAL ELECTIONS IN EACH ENTITY.

ACCESS TO RADIO AND TELEVISION FOR POLITICAL PARTIES

ELECTORAL REFORMS CONCERNING THE MEDIA ARE DISTINGUISHED BY EQUITY CRITERIA IN THE USE OF, AND EQUAL ACCESS TO THE CONTRACTING OF COMMERCIAL TIME SLOTS AND BY THE PRESENCE OF POLITICAL PARTIES IN NEWS PROGRAMS.

THE FUNDAMENTAL ADVANCEMENTS IN THIS REFORM ARE THE FOLLOWING:

- THE EXISTENCE OF A REGULATION FOR THE CONTRACTING OF COMMERCIAL TIME SLOTS IN A FAIR AND EGALITARIAN FASHION ON THE PART OF POLITICAL PARTIES DURING ELECTORAL CAMPAIGNS.
- UPHOLDING THAT RATES SHALL NOT BE HIGHER THAN THOSE FOR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING DURING THESE PERIODS.
- THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL INSTITUTE WILL ACT AS MIDDLEMAN BETWEEN THE MEDIA AND THE POLITICAL PARTIES. THROUGH THE CORRESPONDING AUTHORITIES, THE INSTITUTE WILL OBTAIN TWO CATALOGS FROM THE RADIO AND TELEVISION LICENSEES THAT CONTAIN THE TIME SLOTS, SCHEDULES AND RATES THAT PARTIES MAY CONTRACT. THE FIRST CATALOG, COVERING FROM MARCH 15 TO JUNE 15, WILL BE SENT TO THE POLITICAL PARTIES DURING THE FIRST WEEK OF JANUARY, AND THE SECOND CATALOG, COVERING FROM JUNE 16 TO AUGUST 17, WILL BE SENT DURING MARCH, SO THAT POLITICAL PARTIES CAN SELECT THE SPACES THEY WISH TO CONTRACT.

- ONLY IN THOSE CASES WHERE MORE THAN ONE PARTY REQUESTS THE SAME TIME SLOTS IN THE SAME SCHEDULES AND DAYS, WILL THESE PERIODS BE DISTRIBUTED IN TWO BANDS, EACH CONSISTING OF 50 PERCENT. THE FIRST ONE WILL BE DIVIDED EQUALLY AMONG THE APPLICANTS AND THE SECOND ONE ACCORDING TO THE ELECTORAL STRENGTH OF THOSE INTERESTED IN SAID TIME SLOTS.
- IN ORDER TO WARRANT THE ACQUISITION OF TIME SLOTS FOR RADIO AND TELEVISION, POLITICAL PARTIES MUST NOTIFY THE EXECUTIVE BOARD FOR PREROGATIVES AND POLITICAL PARTIES OF THE FEDERAL ELECTORAL INSTITUTE, WHICH STATIONS, CHANNELS AND SCHEDULES THEY ARE INTERESTED IN CONTRACTING TIME SLOTS ACCORDING TO THE CATALOGS.
- ONCE THE APPLICATION FROM POLITICAL PARTIES ARE RECEIVED, AND THE DISTRIBUTION IS COMPLETED, SUPPOSING TWO OR MORE PARTIES WISH TO USE THE SAME TIME SLOTS, THE EXECUTIVE BOARD OF PREROGATIVES AND POLITICAL PARTIES MUST INFORM EACH ONE OF THE LICENSEES OR GRANTEES THE TIME SLOTS AND SCHEDULES EACH PARTY IS AUTHORIZED TO CONTRACT WITH THEM.
- LIKEWISE, AN IMPORTANT ADDITION IS INCLUDED ESTABLISHING THAT THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF PREROGATIVES AND POLITICAL PARTIES MUST MEET NO LATER THAN NEXT FEBRUARY 15 WITH THE RADIO BROADCASTING COMMISSION AND THE NATIONAL CHAMBER FOR THE INDUSTRY OF RADIO AND TELEVISION TO SUGGEST THE GENERAL GUIDELINES APPLIABLE DURING THEIR NEWS PROGRAMS IN REGARDS TO THE INFORMATION OR BROADCASTING ABOUT THE CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE, THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WERE SET:

- **OBJECTIVITY**

THE INFORMATION BROADCAST DURING NEWS PROGRAMS MUST BE OBJECTIVE, THAT IS, INFORMATION THAT TENDS TO FAVOR OR HURT ANY CANDIDATE OR POLITICAL PARTY MUST BE AVOIDED, AS WELL AS EDITORIAL COMMENTS ON INFORMATION NOTES.

- **UNIFORM QUALITY IN THE HANDLING OF INFORMATION**

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT LICENSEES SHOULD BROADCAST NEWS ABOUT THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES ACCORDING TO A PRINCIPLE OF UNIFORMITY IN THE PROTOCOL AND QUALITY OF INFORMATION FOR ALL POLITICAL PARTIES, WITH THE AIM OF ACHIEVING GREATER EQUITY. TIME AND CONTENT MUST ACCURATELY REFLECT THE ACTIVITIES OF EACH CANDIDATES DURING THEIR DAILY CAMPAIGNING.

- **THE POSIBILITY OF MAKING CLARIFICATIONS**

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT IN THE FACE OF NEWS THAT POLITICAL PARTIES CONSIDER AN UNFAITHFUL REFLECTION OF AN ACT, FACT OR ACTION, THEY MAY HAVE THE POSSIBILITY TO CLARIFY WITH CORRECT INFORMATION THE NEWS SO BROADCAST.

- **SPECIAL SECTION ABOUT POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS**

IT IS PROPOSED THAT NEWS PROGRAMS INCLUDE A SPECIAL SECTION TO BROADCAST NEWS CONCERNING THE ACTIVITIES OF POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS. IF THAT IS POSSIBLE, THEY SHOULD ENDEAVOR TO TRANSMIT DURING SET SCHEDULED, PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED, WITHOUT MIXING THIS WITH OTHER TYPES OF NEWS, SUCH AS: WARS, CATASTROPHES, SPORTS, SHOWS, CRIMINALITY, ETC.

- **EQUITATIVE HANDLING OF BROADCAST TIME**

EFFORTS SHOULD BE MADE TO ACHIEVE EQUITY IN BROADCAST TIMES FOR THE INFORMATION CORRESPONDING TO EACH POLITICAL PARTY AND ITS CANDIDATES.

- **IMPORTANCE OF THE NEWS ITEMS**

IN RELATION TO THE ORDER FOLLOWED IN THE PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION CONCERNING POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS, IT IS SUGGESTED THAT THE IMPORTANCE, REPERCUSSIONS, CONTENTS AND SIGNIFICANCE OF THE NEWS ITEMS BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT SO TAHT THERE IS A SERIOUS AND EQUITATIVE EVALUATION FOR ALL THE POLITICAL PARTIES AND THEIR CANDIDATES.

RESPONSIBILITY OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES AND ELECTRONIC MASS MEDIA

POLITICAL PARTIES ASSUME THE RESPONSIBILITY OF INFORMING IN DUE TIME ABOUT THE CAMPAIGNING ACTIVITIES OF THEIR CANDIDATES, THROUGH PRESS RELEASES OR OTHER MEANS THEY HOLD CONVENIENT. ON THEIR PART, LICENSEES WILL, AS FAR AS POSSIBLE AND WITHOUT MAKING ANY DISTINCTION, BROADCAST THE PRESS RELEASES SENT BY POLITICAL PARTIES, COVERING CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES OF THE CANDIDATES THROUGH THEIR REPORTERS.

SPECIFICATIONS ABOUT NEWS INFORMATION PAID BY PARTIES

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT, IN ORDER TO INCREASE CREDIBILITY OF INFORMATION TRANSMISSIONS, LICENSEES SHOULD CLARIFY THROUGH ANY MEANS OR TECHNIQUES THAT CERTAIN PROGRAM OR CONTENT THAT LOOKS LIKE REGULAR NEWS IS ACTUALLY A PAID ANNOUNCEMENT. NEVERTHELESS, IT IS ALSO SUGGESTED THAT LICENSEES ABSTAIN FROM PLACING THE CAPTION "ANNOUNCEMENT PAID BY THE POLITICAL PARTY" IN PROMOTIONAL SPOTS OR CAPSULES.

RESPECT FOR PRIVATE LIFE

INFORMATION MUST NOT BE LINKED WITH THE PRIVATE LIVES OF CONTENDING CANDIDATES, PARTY OFFICERS OR REPRESENTATIVES.

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